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1,3,6-Trimethylpyrano[4,3-b]pyrrol-4(1*H*)-one

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 295 K; mean σ (C–C) = 0.003 Å; R factor = 0.051; wR factor = 0.179; data-to-parameter ratio = 13.9.

All the non-H atoms of the title compound, $C_{10}H_{11}NO_2$, are almost coplanar [maximum deviation = 0.040 (3) Å]. The crystal structure is stabilized by $C-H\cdots O$ hydrogen bonds.

Related literature

For general background to isocoumarins, see: Barry (1964). For related structures, see: Abid *et al.* (2006, 2008); Hathwar *et al.* (2007).



Experimental

Crystal data

 $\begin{array}{l} {\rm C_{10}H_{11}NO_2} \\ M_r = 177.20 \\ {\rm Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$} \\ a = 7.5556 \ (7) \\ {\rm \AA} \\ b = 8.4819 \ (8) \\ {\rm \AA} \end{array}$

c = 14.3081 (14) Å $\beta = 93.870 (6)^{\circ}$ $V = 914.86 (15) \text{ Å}^{3}$ Z = 4Mo $K\alpha$ radiation $0.33 \times 0.28 \times 0.15 \text{ mm}$

7291 measured reflections

 $R_{\rm int} = 0.034$

1692 independent reflections

1176 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

 $\mu = 0.09 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 295 K

Data collection

Oxford Xcalibur Eos (Nova) CCD detector diffractometer Absorption correction: multi-scan (*CrysAlis PRO RED*; Oxford Diffraction, 2009) $T_{\rm min} = 0.916, T_{\rm max} = 0.987$

Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.051$ 122 parameters $wR(F^2) = 0.179$ H-atom parameters constrainedS = 1.18 $\Delta \rho_{max} = 0.27 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$ 1692 reflections $\Delta \rho_{min} = -0.18 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

 $D-H\cdots A$ D-H $H\cdots A$ $D\cdots A$ $D-H\cdots A$

 C10-H10 $B\cdots O1^i$ 0.96
 2.46
 3.404 (3)
 170

 Symmetry code: (i) $x - \frac{1}{2}, -y + \frac{1}{2}, z - \frac{1}{2}.$ $D - \frac{1}{2}$ $D - \frac{1}{2}$

Data collection: *CrysAlis PRO CCD* (Oxford Diffraction, 2009); cell refinement: *CrysAlis PRO CCD*; data reduction: *CrysAlis PRO RED* (Oxford Diffraction, 2009); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3* (Farrugia, 1997) and *CAMERON* (Watkin *et al.*, 1993); software used to prepare material for publication: *WinGX* (Farrugia, 1997).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: BT5154).

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1,3,6-Trimethylpyrano[4,3-b]pyrrol-4(1*H*)-one

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S1. Comment

Isocoumarins (Barry, 1964) are also useful intermediates in the synthesis of a variety of important compounds including some carbocyclic and heterocyclic compounds. In view of their natural occurrence, biological activities and utility as synthetic intermediates, we have synthesized the title compound, and reported herein its crystal structure.

S2. Experimental

A mixture of 2-(carboxymethyl)-1, 4-dimethyl-1*H*-pyrrole-3-carboxylic acid (2 mmol) and acetic anhydride (8 mmol) in the presence of pyridine was refluxed for 4 h. Completion of the reaction was monitored by Thin Layer Chromatography. After completing of the reaction, the mixture was poured into crushed ice. The solids were separated and purified by silica gel column chromatography. The product was obtained with 90% yield.

S3. Refinement

All the H atoms were positioned geometrically and refined using a riding model, fixing the bond lengths at 0.96 and 0.93 Å for CH₃ aromatic CH, respectively. The displacement parameters of the H atoms were constrained as $U_{iso}(H) = 1.2U_{eq}$ (1.5 U_{eq} for methyl) of the carrier atom.



Figure 1

A view of the title complex, showing 50% probability displacement ellipsoids and the atom-numbering scheme.



Figure 2

The packing diagram depicting C—H…O intermolecular interactions.

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Crystal data

$C_{10}H_{11}NO_2$	F(000) = 376
$M_r = 177.20$	$D_{\rm x} = 1.287 {\rm Mg} {\rm m}^{-3}$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å
Hall symbol: -P 2yn	Cell parameters from 1235 reflections
a = 7.5556 (7) Å	$\theta = 2.9 - 20.4^{\circ}$
b = 8.4819 (8) Å	$\mu = 0.09 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
c = 14.3081 (14) Å	T = 295 K
$\beta = 93.870$ (6)°	Block, colorless
$V = 914.86 (15) Å^3$	$0.33 \times 0.28 \times 0.15 \text{ mm}$
Z=4	
Data collection	
Oxford Xcalibur Eos (Nova) CCD detector	7291 measured reflections
diffractometer	1692 independent reflections
Radiation source: Enhance (Mo) X-ray Source	1176 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Graphite monochromator	$R_{\rm int} = 0.034$
ω scans	$\theta_{\rm max} = 25.5^{\circ}, \ \theta_{\rm min} = 2.8^{\circ}$
Absorption correction: multi-scan	$h = -9 \rightarrow 9$
(CrysAlis PRO RED; Oxford Diffraction, 2009)	$k = -9 \rightarrow 10$
$T_{\min} = 0.916, \ T_{\max} = 0.987$	$l = -17 \rightarrow 17$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Hydrogen site location: inferred from
Least-squares matrix: full	neighbouring sites
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.051$	H-atom parameters constrained
$wR(F^2) = 0.179$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0888P)^2 + 0.144P]$
S = 1.18	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
1692 reflections	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} < 0.001$
122 parameters	$\Delta ho_{ m max} = 0.27 \ m e \ m \AA^{-3}$
0 restraints	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.18 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods	Extinction correction: <i>SHELXL97</i> (Sheldrick, 2008), $Fc^*=kFc[1+0.001xFc^2\lambda^3/sin(2\theta)]^{-1/4}$
Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map	Extinction coefficient: 0.004 (1)

	x	у	Ζ	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$
N1	0.1293 (2)	0.4172 (2)	0.87406 (12)	0.0412 (5)
01	0.3720 (3)	0.1280 (3)	1.12304 (13)	0.0818 (7)
O2	0.3792 (2)	0.3881 (2)	1.13262 (10)	0.0586 (6)
C1	0.1778 (3)	0.1674 (3)	0.92158 (16)	0.0466 (6)
C2	0.1079 (3)	0.2591 (3)	0.85100 (16)	0.0466 (6)
H2	0.0534	0.2216	0.7951	0.056*
C3	0.2612 (3)	0.5620 (3)	1.01528 (16)	0.0460 (6)
Н3	0.2372	0.6633	0.9929	0.055*
C4	0.3421 (3)	0.5382 (3)	1.09968 (17)	0.0507 (7)
C5	0.3331 (3)	0.2497 (3)	1.08310 (16)	0.0526 (7)
C6	0.2454 (3)	0.2744 (3)	0.99253 (14)	0.0420 (6)
C7	0.2128 (3)	0.4269 (2)	0.96087 (14)	0.0389 (6)
C8	0.4000 (4)	0.6605 (4)	1.1693 (2)	0.0749 (9)
H8A	0.3742	0.7631	1.1435	0.112*
H8B	0.5253	0.6511	1.1842	0.112*
H8C	0.3380	0.6465	1.2251	0.112*
C9	0.1882 (4)	-0.0092 (3)	0.9237 (2)	0.0702 (9)
H9A	0.1145	-0.0518	0.8725	0.105*
H9B	0.1480	-0.0472	0.9818	0.105*
H9C	0.3087	-0.0416	0.9181	0.105*
C10	0.0743 (4)	0.5500 (3)	0.81496 (17)	0.0551 (7)
H10A	0.0008	0.6192	0.8487	0.083*
H10B	0.0085	0.5123	0.7597	0.083*
H10C	0.1771	0.6063	0.7974	0.083*

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

Atomic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
N1	0.0466 (11)	0.0379 (11)	0.0382 (10)	0.0025 (8)	-0.0049 (8)	0.0018 (8)
01	0.1038 (17)	0.0781 (16)	0.0623 (12)	0.0317 (12)	-0.0034 (11)	0.0266 (11)
O2	0.0562 (11)	0.0777 (14)	0.0403 (9)	0.0065 (9)	-0.0082 (7)	-0.0015 (9)
C1	0.0506 (13)	0.0375 (13)	0.0521 (14)	-0.0005 (11)	0.0074 (11)	-0.0007 (11)

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C2	0.0488 (13)	0.0463 (14)	0.0442 (12)	-0.0021 (11)	-0.0008 (10)	-0.0089 (12)
C3	0.0474 (13)	0.0415 (14)	0.0489 (13)	-0.0035 (10)	0.0016 (10)	-0.0050 (10)
C4	0.0443 (13)	0.0604 (17)	0.0471 (13)	-0.0021 (12)	0.0015 (10)	-0.0097 (11)
C5	0.0541 (15)	0.0589 (17)	0.0448 (13)	0.0102 (13)	0.0022 (11)	0.0066 (13)
C6	0.0432 (12)	0.0416 (13)	0.0409 (12)	0.0030 (10)	0.0017 (9)	0.0050 (10)
C7	0.0392 (12)	0.0400 (13)	0.0372 (11)	0.0023 (10)	0.0005 (9)	0.0033 (9)
C8	0.0654 (18)	0.096 (2)	0.0630 (17)	-0.0162 (17)	-0.0004 (13)	-0.0329 (16)
C9	0.085 (2)	0.0395 (16)	0.087 (2)	0.0000 (15)	0.0159 (16)	-0.0025 (15)
C10	0.0634 (16)	0.0556 (17)	0.0450 (13)	0.0061 (13)	-0.0055 (11)	0.0116 (11)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

N1—C7	1.357 (3)	C4—C8	1.483 (4)	
N1—C2	1.388 (3)	C5—C6	1.431 (3)	
N1-C10	1.452 (3)	C6—C7	1.387 (3)	
O1—C5	1.206 (3)	C8—H8A	0.9600	
O2—C4	1.380 (3)	C8—H8B	0.9600	
O2—C5	1.403 (3)	C8—H8C	0.9600	
C1—C2	1.353 (3)	С9—Н9А	0.9600	
C1—C6	1.430 (3)	С9—Н9В	0.9600	
С1—С9	1.500 (4)	С9—Н9С	0.9600	
С2—Н2	0.9300	C10—H10A	0.9600	
C3—C4	1.332 (3)	C10—H10B	0.9600	
С3—С7	1.419 (3)	C10—H10C	0.9600	
С3—Н3	0.9300			
C7—N1—C2	108.41 (19)	N1—C7—C6	107.66 (19)	
C7—N1—C10	125.64 (19)	N1—C7—C3	129.6 (2)	
C2-N1-C10	125.94 (19)	C6—C7—C3	122.7 (2)	
C4—O2—C5	124.21 (19)	C4—C8—H8A	109.5	
C2—C1—C6	105.5 (2)	C4—C8—H8B	109.5	
C2—C1—C9	127.3 (2)	H8A—C8—H8B	109.5	
C6—C1—C9	127.2 (2)	C4—C8—H8C	109.5	
C1-C2-N1	110.2 (2)	H8A—C8—H8C	109.5	
C1—C2—H2	124.9	H8B—C8—H8C	109.5	
N1—C2—H2	124.9	С1—С9—Н9А	109.5	
C4—C3—C7	117.4 (2)	C1—C9—H9B	109.5	
С4—С3—Н3	121.3	H9A—C9—H9B	109.5	
С7—С3—Н3	121.3	C1—C9—H9C	109.5	
C3—C4—O2	121.3 (2)	Н9А—С9—Н9С	109.5	
C3—C4—C8	126.8 (3)	H9B—C9—H9C	109.5	
O2—C4—C8	111.9 (2)	N1-C10-H10A	109.5	
O1—C5—O2	115.6 (2)	N1-C10-H10B	109.5	
O1—C5—C6	129.6 (3)	H10A—C10—H10B	109.5	
O2—C5—C6	114.8 (2)	N1-C10-H10C	109.5	
C7—C6—C1	108.3 (2)	H10A—C10—H10C	109.5	
C7—C6—C5	119.6 (2)	H10B—C10—H10C	109.5	
C1—C6—C5	132.2 (2)			

C6—C1—C2—N1	0.3 (2)	O1—C5—C6—C7	179.4 (2)
C9—C1—C2—N1	-177.7 (2)	O2—C5—C6—C7	0.0 (3)
C7—N1—C2—C1	-0.5 (2)	O1-C5-C6-C1	-0.4 (4)
C10-N1-C2-C1	178.7 (2)	O2—C5—C6—C1	-179.8 (2)
C7—C3—C4—O2	0.6 (3)	C2—N1—C7—C6	0.4 (2)
C7—C3—C4—C8	-178.2 (2)	C10—N1—C7—C6	-178.74 (19)
C5—O2—C4—C3	-1.5 (3)	C2—N1—C7—C3	-178.8 (2)
C5—O2—C4—C8	177.5 (2)	C10—N1—C7—C3	2.1 (4)
C4—O2—C5—O1	-178.4 (2)	C1-C6-C7-N1	-0.2 (2)
C4—O2—C5—C6	1.1 (3)	C5—C6—C7—N1	179.96 (18)
C2-C1-C6-C7	-0.1 (2)	C1—C6—C7—C3	179.06 (19)
C9—C1—C6—C7	177.9 (2)	C5—C6—C7—C3	-0.8 (3)
C2-C1-C6-C5	179.7 (2)	C4—C3—C7—N1	179.6 (2)
C9—C1—C6—C5	-2.2 (4)	C4—C3—C7—C6	0.5 (3)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	<i>D</i> —Н	H···A	D····A	<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>
C10—H10 <i>B</i> …O1 ⁱ	0.96	2.46	3.404 (3)	170

Symmetry code: (i) x-1/2, -y+1/2, z-1/2.